

**UNIVERSITY OF LONDON**

**GOLDSMITHS COLLEGE**

**B. Sc. Examination 2003**

**COMPUTER SCIENCE**

**IS51008A(CIS109) Introduction to Java and  
Object–Oriented Programming**

**Duration: 3 hours**

**Date and time:**

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*Answer all 10 questions from section A (multiple choice) and 6 questions from section B.  
Each question from Section A is worth 2 marks (20 marks in total) and each question from  
section B is worth 10 marks (60 marks in total).*

**THIS EXAMINATION PAPER MUST NOT BE REMOVED  
FROM THE EXAMINATION ROOM**

# Section A(20 Marks)

Answer all questions from section A

## QUESTION 1

Consider the following program:-

```
public class A
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        System.out.println(x+1);
    }
}
```

Which one of the following is true:

- (a) This program has a compilation error.
- (b) This program will compile correctly.
- (c) None of the above.

## QUESTION 2

Consider the following program:-

```
public class A
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int x=1;
        int y=2;
        x=y;
        y=x;
        System.out.println(y);
    }
}
```

Which one of the following is true:

- (a) This program has a compilation error
- (b) This program prints 2
- (c) This program prints 1
- (d) None of the above.

### QUESTION 3

Consider the following program:-

```
public class A
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        System.out.println("a");
        System.out.print("b");
        System.out.print("c");
    }
}
```

Which one of the following is true:

(a) This program prints

a  
b  
c

(b) This program prints

ab  
c

(c) This program prints

a  
bc

(d) None of the above.

#### QUESTION 4

Consider the following program:-

```
class div1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        System.out.println(3/2); //int divided by int
    }
}
```

Which one of the following is true:

- (a) This program prints 1
- (b) This program prints 1.5
- (c) This program prints 2
- (d) None of the above.

### QUESTION 5

Consider the following program:-

```
class W
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        String s;        //Declaration of variable s
        s = 1;           // assignment statement
        System.out.println(s);
    }
}
```

Which one of the following is true:

- (a) This program has a compilation error
- (b) This program prints 1
- (c) None of the above.

**QUESTION 6**

What is the value of the following expression:-  $(1 < 2 \ \&\& \ (2 < 1 \ || \ 3 == 4))$

- (a) true
- (b) false
- (c) None of the above.

### QUESTION 7

Consider the following program:-

```
class W
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        if (1<2) System.out.print(1);
        else System.out.print(2); System.out.print(3);
    }
}
```

Which one of the following is true:

- (a) This program has a compilation error
- (b) This program prints 13
- (c) This program prints 23
- (d) None of the above.



### QUESTION 8

Consider the following program:-

```
public class C
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int i
        for(i=1;i<5;i++);
        System.out.println(i);
    }
}
```

Which of the following best describes its behaviour.

- (a) 4 will be printed
- (b) 5 will be printed
- (c) 6 will be printed
- (d) None of the above.

### QUESTION 9

Consider the method p.

```
static int p(int n)
{
    return (n+1);
}
```

Which of the following is a legal call to p?

- (a) p();
- (b) p(3);
- (c) p(3,2);
- (d) p("hello");

### QUESTION 10

Consider the program:

```
public class F
{
    static void p(int n)
    {for (int i=0;i<n;i++)System.out.print("*");
    }

    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        p(4);
    }
}
```

Which one of the following is correct:

- (a) It has a compilation error
- (b) It outputs \*\*\*\*
- (c) It outputs 4
- (d) None of the above.

# Section B(60 marks)

Answer 6 questions from section B

## QUESTION 11

Write a complete Java program which

- Asks the user how many integers she will enter.
- It then inputs the correct number of integers from the keyboard and stores them in an array.
- It then prints the integers out in the opposite order to which they were entered.
- It finally prints the integers out in the same order to which they were entered.

[ 10 Marks ]

## QUESTION 12

- (a) Using type casting, write a Java statement which prints the character whose unicode value is 37.

[ 2 Marks ]

- (b) Consider

```
public class AplusB
{
    public static void main(String [ ] args)
    {
        System.out.println('a'+ 'b');
        System.out.println((char)('a'+ 'b'));
    }
}
```

On my computer this prints out

195

ã

Explain why.

[ 4 Marks ]

- (c) Consider the following two programs:

```
import java.io.*;
class Try
{
    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException
    {
        BufferedReader in =new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
        System.out.println("please type something in ending with 'enter'");
        int c=in.read();
        System.out.println("You typed in " +(char)c);
    }
}
```

```
import java.io.*;
class Try1
{
    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException
    {
        BufferedReader in =new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
        System.out.println("please type something in ending with 'enter'");
        int c=in.read();
        System.out.println("You typed in " + c);
    }
}
```

What is the output of each and why?

[ 4 Marks ]

### QUESTION 13

Suppose that `dir1` is a directory in the `CLASSPATH`. Also suppose that `dir2` is a subdirectory of `dir1`. Suppose the following class resides in the directory `dir2`:

```
package P;
public class A
{
    public static void method1()
    {
        System.out.print(" hello");
    }
}
```

- (a) What does `P` have to be replaced by so that `method1` of class `A` can be called from anywhere?

[ 2 Marks ]

- (b) Having correctly replaced the `P` above, what would you write in order to call `method1` of class `A` from a class in a different directory?

[ 2 Marks ]

- (c) What would the import statement be that would enable the call to `method1` to be abbreviated?

[ 2 Marks ]

- (d) Further suppose that `dir3` is a subdirectory of `dir2`. Consider the class `B` in `dir2`:

```
package Q;
public class B
{
    public static void method1()
    {
        System.out.print(" hello");
    }
}
```

- (e) What does `Q` have to be replaced by so that `method1` of class `B` can be called from anywhere?

[ 2 Marks ]

- (f) Having correctly replaced the `Q` above, what would you write in order to call `method1` of class `B` from a class in a different directory?

[ 2 Marks ]

## QUESTION 14

(a) Briefly describe what a file is and why files are needed.

[ 4 Marks ]

(b) Consider:

```
import java.io.*;
public class P
{
    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception
    {
        BufferedReader in =new BufferedReader(new FileReader("fff.dat"));
        in.readLine();
        in.readLine();
        System.out.println(in.readLine());
    }
}
```

What is the output of P when the file `fff.dat` contains the following four lines:

```
hello
what is
your name?
Is it Roshini?
```

[ 2 Marks ]

Write a program that prints out the hundredth character of `ggg.dat`.

[ 4 Marks ]



## QUESTION 15

Consider the classes Date given by:

```
package LectureSimpleObjects;
public class Date
{
    public int day;
    public int month;
    public int year;

    public Date(int d, int m, int y)
    {
        day=d;
        month=m;
        year=y;
    }
}
```

and the class Person given by:

```
package LectureSimpleObjects;
import LectureSimpleObjects.*;
public class Person
{
    public String firstname;
    public String lastname;
    public Date dob;
    public boolean sex; //true= female, false = male

    public Person(String f, String l, Date birth , boolean s)
    {
        firstname=f;
        lastname=l;
        dob=birth;
        sex=s;
    }
    public Person(String f, String l, Date birth, String s)
    {
        firstname=f;
        lastname=l;
        dob=birth;
        if (s.charAt(0)=='f' || s.charAt(0)=='F') sex=true;
        else sex=false;
    }
}
```

(a) Write an expression, using `new`, of type `Date` which represents 2 March 2001.

[ 2 Marks ]

(b) Write an expression, using `new`, of type `Person`, representing the man John Smith born on 12 May 2002.

[ 3 Marks ]

(c) Define a class `house` that consists of three fields:

- (i) an integer which gives its number
- (ii) another integer which gives the number of rooms in the house
- (iii) an array of `Persons` living in the house.

Your definition should include a constructor method with three parameters.

[ 5 Marks ]

## QUESTION 16

- (a) Consider the class `LectureSimpleObjects.Person` on page 16. We now require a person to have a middle name.

Achieve this using inheritance, by extending the class `LectureSimpleObjects.Person` to a class `LectureInheritance.Person`, again with two constructor methods.

[ 8 Marks ]

- (b) Using the example in part (a) above, or otherwise, explain the keyword `super`.

[ 2 Marks ]

### QUESTION 17

Consider the classes `LectureSimpleObjects.Date` and `LectureSimpleObjects.Person` on page 16.

- (a) Define an instance method `age` for the class `LectureSimpleObjects.Person` which take a `Date` (representing today's date) as its only parameter. The instance method `age` returns the person's age last birthday as an `int`.

[ 4 Marks ]

- (b) Given a variable `x` of type `Person`, write an expression whose value is `x`'s birthday on 25 December 2002.

[ 2 Marks ]

- (c) Using `try` and `catch` and the method `Integer.parseInt`, write a static method, `isInt` that takes a `String` as a parameter and returns `true` if the `String` contains only digits and `false` otherwise.

[ 4 Marks ]

## QUESTION 18

- (a) Assuming `v` is a variable of type `Vector`, explain the error in the expression:

```
v.elementAt(0)==1
```

[ 2 Marks ]

- (b) Briefly explain the need for the Java ‘wrapper’ class `Integer`.

[ 2 Marks ]

- (c) Assuming that the zeroth and first elements of the `Vector v` are Objects of type `Integer`, write a statement whose effect is to add a new element to `v`. The value of this new element is the sum of the first two elements of `v`.

[ 3 Marks ]

- (d) Write a method whose heading is  
`static double average(Vector v)`  
which returns the average of all elements in a non-empty `Vector` of Objects of type `Integer`.

[ 3 Marks ]